G320D, 3-Way, Globe Valve, Bronze Trim, Diverting

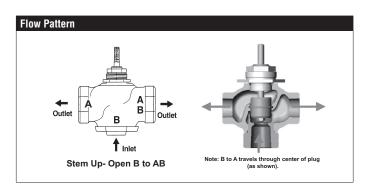






X	WARRAN

Technical Data	
Service	chilled, hot water, up to 60% glycol
Flow Characteristic	linear
Controllable Flow Range	stem up - open B to AB
Size [mm]	0.75" [20]
End Fitting	NPT female ends
Body	bronze
Stem	stainless steel
Stem Packing	spring loaded Teflon® V-ring
Seat	bronze
Plug	brass
Disc	composition (EPDM)
Body Pressure Rating [psi]	ANSI 250
ANSI Class	ANSI 250 (up to 400 psi below 150°F)
Media Temperature Range	20°F to 280°F [-7°C to 138°C]
(Water)	
Max Differential Pressure (Water)	35 psi (241 kPa)
Rangeability	500:1
Cv	7.5
Weight	2.2 lb [1 kg]
Leakage	ANSI Class III
Servicing	Repack/Rebuild kits available

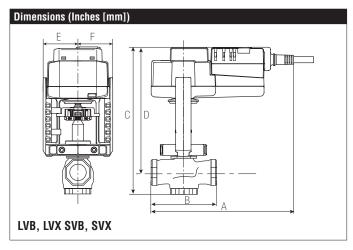


Application

This valve is typically used in Air handling units on heating or cooling coils, and fan coil unit heating or cooling coils. Some other common applications include Unit Ventilators, VAV box re-heat coils and bypass loops. This valve is suitable for use in hydronic system with constant or variable flow. 3-way valves are available with mixing or diverting flow patterns.

Suitable Actuators

	Non-Spring	Spring	Electronic Fail-Safe
G320D	LVB(X)	LF	LVKB(X)

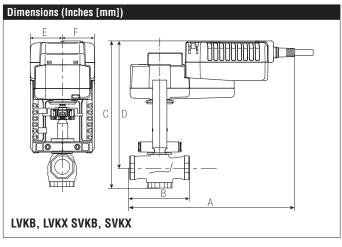


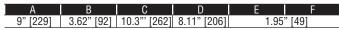
Α	В	С	D	Е	F
7.8" [200]	3.62" [92]	9.45" [240]	8.11" [206]	1.95	" [49]

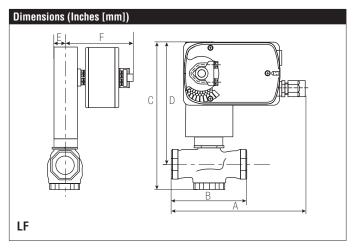
Piping

The valves should be mounted in a weather-protected area in a location that is within the ambient limits of the actuator. Allow sufficient room for valve with actuator and for service. The G2(S) and G3(D) preferred mounting position of the valve is with the valve stem vertical above the valve body, for maximum life. However, the assemblies can be mounted with the valve stem vertical or horizontal in relation to the pipe. The actuators should never be mounted underneath the valve, as condensation can build up and result in a failure of the actuators. Do not reverse flow direction.

G320D, 3-Way, Globe Valve, Bronze Trim, Diverting







Α	В	С	D	Е	F
8.3" [211]	3 62" [92]	9 4" [239]	9 1" [231]	1 25" [32]	5" [127]

LF24-3 US, Valve Actuator Floating Point, Spring Return, 24 V







Technical Data	
Power Supply	24 VAC ± 20%, 50/60 Hz, 24 VDC ± 10%
Power Consumption Running	2.5 W
Power Consumption Holding	1 W
Transformer Sizing	5 VA (class 2 power source)
Electrical Connection	3ft [1m], 18 GA appliance cable with 1/2" conduit connector
Overload Protection	electronic throughout 0° to 95° rotation
Operating Range Y	floating point
Input Impedance	1000 Ω (0.6 W)
Feedback Output U	No Feedback
Angle of Rotation	90°
Direction of Rotation (Motor)	reversible with built-in switch
Direction of Rotation (Fail-Safe)	reversible with CW/CCW mounting
Position Indication	visual indicator, 0° to 95° (0° is full spring return position)
Running Time (Motor)	150 sec constant, independent of load
Running Time (Fail-Safe)	<25 sec @ -4°F to 122°F [-20°C to 50°C], < 60 sec @ -22°F [-30°C]
Ambient Temperature Range	-22°F to 122°F [-30°C to 50°C]
Storage Temperature Range	-40°F to 176°F [-40°C to 80°C]
Housing	NEMA 2, IP54
Agency Listings†	cULus acc. To UL 873 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 24-93
Noise Level (Motor)	<50 dB (A)
Noise Level (Fail-Safe)	<62 dB (A)
Servicing	maintenance free
Quality Standard	ISO 9001

†Rated Impulse Voltage 800V, Type of action 1.AA, Control Pollution Degree 3





Wiring Diagrams



X INSTALLATION NOTES



Actuators with appliance cables are numbered.



Provide overload protection and disconnect as required.



Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.



Actuators Hot wire must be connected to the control board common. Only connect common to neg. (-) leg of control circuits. Terminal models (-T) have no-feedback.



Actuators may be connected in parallel if not mechanically linked. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.



Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground



WARNING! LIVE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS!

During installation, testing, servicing and troubleshooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Have a qualified licensed electrician or other individual who has been properly trained in handling live electrical components perform these tasks. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.

