

Outdoor sensor with weather shield Humidity / Temperature

Active sensor (0...10 V) for measuring the relative or absolute humidity and temperature in outdoor areas. Instead of the humidity signal, the enthalpy or the dewpoint can be selected as an output signal. NEMA 4X / IP65 rated enclosure.

# Technical data sheet





Type Overview							
		Туре	Output signal active temperate	re Output	signal active h	umidity	
		22UTH-51	05 V, 010 V	(	)5 V, 010 V		
Taskatasi data							
Technical data							
	Electrical Data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V				
		Nominal voltage range	AC 21.626	5.4 V / DC 13.5	26.4 V		
		Power consumption AC	0.5 VA				
	Power consumption DC	0.3 W					
		Electrical connection	Pluggable s 2.5 mm²	pring loaded	terminal block	c max.	
		Cable entry		l with strain re t adapter incl	elief Ø68 mn uded)	n (1/2"	
	Functional Data	Sensor Technology	polymer ca wire mesh	polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh			
		Application	air				
		Multirange	4 measurin	g ranges sele	table		
		Voltage output	2x 05 V, 0	10 V, min. lc	ad 10 kΩ		
		Output signal active note	output 05	/10 V with jun	nper adjustab	le	
	Measuring Data	Measured values	relative hur Absolute hu Dew point Enthalpies Temperatu	umidity			
		Measuring range humidity	0100% RF	l non-condens	sing		
		Measuring range temperatu	Active sens Attention: r	Active sensor: range selectable Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety			
			Setting	Range [°C]	Range [°F]	Factory setting	
			S0	-4060	-40160		
			S1	050	40140		
			S2	-1535	0100	A	
			S3	-2080	0200		
		Measuring range absolute h		adjustable at the transducer: 050 g/m³ (default setting) 080 g/m³			
		Measuring range enthalpy	085 kJ/kg				
		Measuring range dew point	adjustable a 40140°F [	adjustable at the transducer: 40140°F [050°C] (default setting) 0200°F [-2080°C]			
		Accuracy humidity		±2% between 080% RH @ 25°C			
		Accuracy temperature active					
			±0.3°C @ 25°C [±0.54°F @ 77°F]				



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Measuring Data	Long-term stability	±0.3% RH p.a. @ 70°F [21°C] @ 50% RH ±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F [±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C]	
	Time constant τ (63%) in the room	Relative humidity: typical 16 s Temperature: typical 351 s	
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black	
	Housing	Cover: PC, grey Bottom: PC, grey Seal: NBR70, black UV resistant	
Safety Data	Ambient humidity	short-term condensation permitted	
,	Fluid humidity	short-term condensation permitted	
	Ambient temperature	-30120°F [-3550°C]	
	Fluid temperature	-30120°F [-3550°C]	
	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)	
Power source UL		Class 2 Supply	
	EU Conformity	CE Marking	
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1	
	Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN/CSA E60730-1/-2-9	
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65	
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X	
	Enclosure	UL Enclosure Type 4X	
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001	
	Mode of operation	Type 1	
	Pollution degree	3	
	Rated impulse voltage supply	0.8 kV	
	Construction	Independently mounted control	

# **Safety Notes**



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorized modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorized specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

## Remarks

### **General Remarks Concerning Sensors**

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage  $(\pm 0.2 \text{ V})$ . When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

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# Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (±0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle by the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

#### Application notice for humidity sensors

Refrain from touching the sensitive humidity sensor element. Touching the sensitive surface will void warranty.

When exposed to harsh environmental conditions such as high ambient temperature and/or high levels of humidity, or presence of aggressive gases (i.e. chlorine, ozone, ammonia), the sensor element may be affected and readings may be outside the specified accuracy. Replacement of deteriorated humidity sensors due to harsh environmental conditions is not covered by the general warranty.

The sensor shows best performance when operated within recommended normal temperature range of 5...60°C and humidity range of 20...80% RH. Long-term exposure to conditions outside normal range, especially at high humidity, may temporarily offset the humidity signal (e.g. +3% RH after 60h kept at >80% RH). After returning into the normal temperature and humidity range, the sensor will slowly come back to calibration state by itself.

#### Scope of delivery

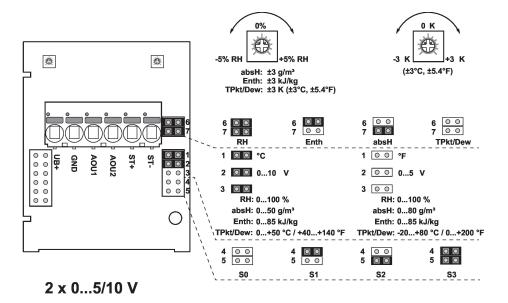
Scope of delivery	Description	Туре
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10
	Rain cover, for 22UTH	A-22U-A01
	Dowel	
	Screws	
	1/2" NPT conduit adapter	

## Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Replacement filter, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06



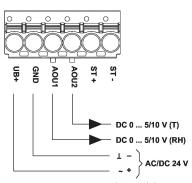
# **Wiring Diagram**



rH Relative humidity absH Absolute humidity

EntH Enthalpy
TPkt/Dew Dew point

(Measurement value available on Output AOU1)



Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers.

The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	Range [°C]	Range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-4060	-40160	
S1	050	40140	
S2	-1535	0100	
S3	-2080	0200	<b>~</b>



# **Dimensions**

