Nominal voltage



Technical data

On/Off Floating Point, Non-Spring Return, 220 v





Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC 250 V
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz
	Transformer sizing	253 VA
	Current consumption	1.1 A
	Auxiliary switch	2 x SPDT, 3 A resistive (0.5 A inductive) @ AC 250 V, 1 x 3° / 1 x 87°
	Switching capacity auxiliary switch	3 A resistive (0.5 A inductive) @ AC 250 V
	Electrical Connection	Terminal blocks
	Overload Protection	thermally protected 135°C cut-out
	Internal Humidty Control	resistive heating element
Functional data	Direction of motion motor	selectable with switch 0/1
	Manual override	hand wheel
	Angle of rotation	90°
	Running Time (Motor)	20 s
	Duty cycle value	30%
	Noise level, motor	45 dB(A)
	Position indication	top mounted domed indicator

Degree of protection IEC/EN

Enclosure

Agency Listing

Quality Standard

Ambient temperature

Storage temperature
Ambient humidity

Degree of protection NEMA/UL

	Servicing	maintenance-free
Materials	Housing material	die cast aluminium
	Gear train	high alloy steel gear sets, self locking

Product features

Application

Safety data

Flectrical data

SY Series actuators are fractional horsepower devices, and utilize full-wave power supplies. Observe wire sizing and transformer sizing requirements. Proportional models CANNOT be connected to Belimo direct coupled (AF, AM, GM...etc) actuator power supplies or any type of half-wave device. You MUST use a separate, dedicated transformer or power supply to power the SY actuator. Please do not connect other automation equipment to the dedicated SY supply source. You MUST use four wires (plus a ground) to control a proportional control SY actuator (See SY Wiring Section).

AC 230 V

IP66/67

NEMA 4X

ISO 9001

UL Enclosure Type 4X

-22...149°F [-30...65°C] -40...176°F [-40...80°C]

ISO, CE, cCSAus

Max. 100% RH



Accessories

Electrical accessories Description Type Local electric disconnect for SY4...12 series actuator, AC 120 V, on/off HOA-120V

Electrical installation

X INSTALLATION NOTES

Do not change sensitivity or dip switch setting with power applied.

6 Power supply Common/Neutral and Control Signal "-"wiring to a common is prohibited. Terminals 4 and 6 need to be wired separately.

1 Isolation relays must be used in parallel connection of multiple actuators using a common control signal inputs. The relays should be DPDT.

Isolation relays are required in parallel applications. The reason parallel applications need isolation relays is that the motor uses two sets of windings, one for each direction. When one is energized to turn the actuator in a specific direction a voltage is generated in the other due to the magnetic field created from the first. It's called back EMF. This is not an issue with one actuator because the voltage generated in the second winding isn't connected to anything so there is no flow. On parallel applications without isolation, this EMF voltage energizes the winding it is connected to on the other actuators in the system, the actuators are tying to turn in both directions at once. The EMF voltage is always less than the supply voltage due to the resistance of the windings, so while the actuator still turns in the commanded direction, the drag from the other reduces the torque output and causes overheating.

Warning! Live electrical components!

During installation, testing, servicing and troubleshooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Have a qualified licensed electrician or other individual who has been properly trained in handling live electrical components perform these tasks. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.



Wiring diagrams

AC/DC 110/120 or 220/230V



